1 **BOARD OF REGISTERED NURSING** 2 DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA 3 4 5 In the Matter of the Accusation Against: Case No. 2011-808 6 KERSTIN KOHN DEFAULT DECISION AND ORDER a.k.a. Kerstin Negoesco 7 a.k.a. Kerstin Biagini 6309 Newhaven Lane [Gov. Code, §11520] 8 Vallejo, CA 94591 And 9 519 Galway Ct Vacaville, CA 95688-9223 10 Registered Nurse License No. 461959 11 RESPONDENT 12 13 FINDINGS OF FACT 14 1. On or about March 24, 2011, Complainant Louise R. Bailey, M.Ed., RN, in her 15 official capacity as the Executive Officer of the Board of Registered Nursing, Department of 16 Consumer Affairs, filed Accusation No. 2011-808 against Kerstin Kohn (Respondent) before the 17 Board of Registered Nursing. (Accusation attached as Exhibit A.) 2. 18 On or about March 31, 1991, the Board of Registered Nursing (Board) issued 19 Registered Nurse License No. 461959 to Respondent. The Registered Nurse License was in full 20 force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought herein and expired on June 30, 2010 and has not been renewed. 21 3. On or about March 24, 2011, Respondent was served by Certified and First Class 22 23 Mail copies of the Accusation No. 2011-808, Statement to Respondent, Notice of Defense, 24 Request for Discovery, and Government Code sections 11507.5, 11507.6, and 11507.7 to 25 Respondent's address of record which, pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 136 26 and/Title 16, California Code of Regulation, section 1409.1, is required to be reported and 27 maintained with the Board, which was and is:

6309 Newhaven Lane

- 4. Service of the Accusation was effective as a matter of law under the provisions of Government Code section 11505, subdivision (c) and/or Business & Professions Code section 124.
- 5. On or about March 30, 2011, the aforementioned documents were returned by the U.S. Postal Service with a forwarding address of 519 Galway Ct, Vacaville, CA 95688-923.

On or about April 5, 2011, Kami Pratab, an employee of the Board of Registered Nursing, re-served the Accusation packet to the forwarding address on the returned envelopes. USPS - Track and confirm indicates that on May 3, 2011, the Certified mail was returned to the sender marked "Unclaimed". Respondent failed to maintain an updated address with the Board and the Board has made attempts to serve the Respondent at the address on file and the address on the returned mail.

6. Business and Professions Code section 2764 states:

The lapsing or suspension of a license by operation of law or by order or decision of the board or a court of law, or the voluntary surrender of a license by a licentiate shall not deprive the board of jurisdiction to proceed with an investigation of or action or disciplinary proceeding against such license, or to render a decision suspending or revoking such license.

- 7. Government Code section 11506 states, in pertinent part:
- (c) The respondent shall be entitled to a hearing on the merits if the respondent files a notice of defense, and the notice shall be deemed a specific denial of all parts of the accusation not expressly admitted. Failure to file a notice of defense shall constitute a waiver of respondent's right to a hearing, but the agency in its discretion may nevertheless grant a hearing.
- 8. Respondent failed to file a Notice of Defense within 15 days after service upon her of the Accusation, and therefore waived her right to a hearing on the merits of Accusation No. 2011-808.
 - 9. California Government Code section 11520 states, in pertinent part:

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seven (7) days after service of the Decision on Respondent. The agency in its discretion may

vacate the Decision and grant a hearing on a showing of good cause, as defined in the statute.

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1	This Decision shall become effective on August 12 2011.
2	It is so ORDERED July 12, 2011!
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4	Glamure K. Brewer
5	JEANNINE K. GRAVES
6	President
7	Board of Registered Nursing Department of Consumer Affairs
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10	Attachment:
11	Exhibit A: Accusation No. 2011-808
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Exhibit A

Accusation Case No. 2011-808

1	KAMALA D. HARRIS		
2	Attorney General of California DIANN SOKOLOFF		
~ [Supervising Deputy Attorney General		
3	Susana A. Gonzales		
	Deputy Attorney General		
4	State Bar No. 253027 1515 Clay Street, 20th Floor		
5	P.O. Box 70550		
.	Oakland, CA 94612-0550		
6	Telephone: (510) 622-2221		
7	Facsimile: (510) 622-2270		
• '	Attorneys for Complainant		
8	BEFORE THE		
	BOARD OF REGISTERED NURSING		
9	DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS		
10	STATE OF CALIFORNIA		
	an o		
11	In the Matter of the Accusation Against: Case No. 2011-808		
12			
14	KERSTIN KOHN, a.k.a. KERSTIN NEGOESCO, a.k.a. KERSTIN BIAGINI		
13	6309 Newhaven Lane A C C U S A T I O N		
1,	Vallejo, CA 94591		
14	Registered Nurse License No. 461959		
15	Respondent.		
: '	Respondent.		
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- '	Complainant alleges:		
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19	<u>PARTIES</u>		
19	1. Louise R. Bailey, M.Ed., RN (Complainant) brings this Accusation solely in her		
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21	official capacity as the Executive Officer of the Board of Registered Nursing, Department of		
21	Consumer Affairs.		
22	Consumor Attans.		
-	2. On or about March 31, 1991, the Board of Registered Nursing issued Registered		
23	Nivers Tricones Niverbay 461050 to Waystin IV land 1 1 1 Yr 4' NY		
24	Nurse License Number 461959 to Kerstin Kohn, also known as Kerstin Negoesco, also known as		
	Kerstin Biagini (Respondent). The Registered Nurse License expired on June 30, 2010, and has		
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26	not been renewed.		
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JURISDICTION

- 3. This Accusation is brought before the Board of Registered Nursing (Board),
 Department of Consumer Affairs, under the authority of the following laws. All section
 references are to the Business and Professions Code unless otherwise indicated.
- 4. Section 2750 of the Business and Professions Code (Code) provides, in pertinent part, that the Board may discipline any licensee, including a licensee holding a temporary or an inactive license, for any reason provided in Article 3 (commencing with section 2750) of the Nursing Practice Act.
- 5. Section 2764 of the Code provides, in pertinent part, that the expiration of a license shall not deprive the Board of jurisdiction to proceed with a disciplinary proceeding against the licensee or to render a decision imposing discipline on the license. Under section 2811, subdivision (b), of the Code, the Board may renew an expired license at any time within eight years after the expiration.
- 6. Section 118, subdivision (b), of the Code provides, in pertinent part, that the expiration of a license shall not deprive the Board of jurisdiction to proceed with a disciplinary action during the period within which the license may be renewed, restored, reissued or reinstated.

STATUTORY AND REGULATORY PROVISIONS

7. Section 2761 of the Code states:

"The board may take disciplinary action against a certified or licensed nurse or deny an application for a certificate or license for any of the following:

- "(a) Unprofessional conduct, which includes, but is not limited to, the following:
- "(f) Conviction of a felony or of any offense substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a registered nurse, in which event the record of the conviction shall be conclusive evidence thereof."

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. 8. Section 2762 of the Code states:

"In addition to other acts constituting unprofessional conduct within the meaning of this chapter [the Nursing Practice Act], it is unprofessional conduct for a person licensed under this chapter to do any of the following:

- "(a) Obtain or possess in violation of law, or prescribe, or except as directed by a licensed physician and surgeon, dentist, or podiatrist administer to himself or herself, or furnish or administer to another, any controlled substance as defined in Division 10 (commencing with Section 11000) of the Health and Safety Code or any dangerous drug or dangerous device as defined in Section 4022.
- "(b) Use any controlled substance as defined in Division 10 (commencing with Section 11000) of the Health and Safety Code, or any dangerous drug or dangerous device as defined in Section 4022, or alcoholic beverages, to an extent or in a manner dangerous or injurious to himself or herself, any other person, or the public or to the extent that such use impairs his or her ability to conduct with safety to the public the practice authorized by his or her license.
- "(c) Be convicted of a criminal offense involving the prescription, consumption, or self-administration of any of the substances described in subdivisions (a) and (b) of this section, or the possession of, or falsification of a record pertaining to, the substances described in subdivision (a) of this section, in which event the record of the conviction is conclusive evidence thereof."
- 9. Section 490 of the Code provides, in pertinent part, that a board may suspend or revoke a license on the ground that the licensee has been convicted of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of the business or profession for which the license was issued.
 - 10. Code section 4060 provides, in pertinent part:

"No person shall possess any controlled substance, except that furnished to a person upon the prescription of a physician, dentist, podiatrist, optometrist, veterinarian, or naturopathic doctor pursuant to Section 3640.7, or furnished pursuant to a drug order issued by a certified nurse-midwife pursuant to Section 2746.51, a nurse practitioner pursuant to Section 2836.1, [or] a physician assistant pursuant to Section 3502.1..."

- 11. Section 11173, of the Health and Safety Code provides, in pertinent part that:
- "(a) No person shall obtain or attempt to obtain controlled substances, or procure or attempt to procure the administration of or prescription for controlled substances, (1) by fraud, deceit, misrepresentation, or subterfuge; or (2) by concealment of a material fact.
- "(b) No person shall make a false statement in any prescription, order, report, or record, request by this division."
- 12. Section 11350, subdivision (a)(2), of the Health and Safety Code, provides that is unlawful for any person to possess any controlled substance classified as a Schedule II, IV, or V, which is a narcotic drug, without the written prescription of a physician . . ."
- 13. Section 11368 of the Health and Safety Code provides that it us unlawful for any person to forge or alter a prescription, or issue or utter and altered prescription, or issue or utter a prescription bearing a forged or fictitious signature for any narcotic drug, or to obtain any narcotic drug by any forged, fictitious, or altered prescription, or to have in their possession any narcotic drug secured by a forged, fictitious, or altered prescription.
 - 14. California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1444, states:

"A conviction or act shall be considered to be substantially related to the qualifications, functions or duties of a registered nurse if to a substantial degree it evidences the present or potential unfitness of a registered nurse to practice in a manner consistent with the public health, safety, or welfare."

CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES/DANGEROUS DRUGS

15. Code section 4021 states:

"Controlled substance' means any substance listed in Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 11053) of Division 10 of the Health and Safety Code."

16. Code section 4022 provides:

"Dangerous drug' or 'dangerous device' means any drug or device unsafe for self-use in humans or animals, and includes the following:

"(a) Any drug that bears the legend: 'Caution: federal law prohibits dispensing without prescription,' 'Rx only' or words of similar import.

- "(b) Any device that bears the statement: 'Caution: federal law restricts this device to sale by or on the order of a ______,' 'Rx only,' or words of similar import . . .
- "(c) Any other drug or device that by federal or state law can be lawfully dispensed only on prescription or furnished pursuant to Section 4006."
- 17. "Klonopin" (formerly known as Clonopin), a trade name for Clonazepam, is an anticonvulsant of the benzodiazepine class of drugs. Klonopin is a Schedule IV controlled substance pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 11057, subdivision (d)(5) and a dangerous drug as defined by Code section 4022. Klonopin produces central nervous system depression and should be used with caution with other central nervous system depressant drugs. Like other benzodiazapines, it can produce psychological and physical dependence.
- 18. "Soma" is the trade name for the substance Carisoprodol and is a dangerous drug as defined by Business and Professions Code section 4022.
- 19. "Vicodin" is a Schedule II controlled substance pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 11056, subdivision (e)(3) and a dangerous drug as defined by Code section 4022. Vicodin is a trade name for the narcotic substance Hydrocodone, or hydrocodeninone, with the non-narcotic substance acetaminophen.
- 20. "Ativan" is a brand name of Lorazepam, which is a Schedule TV controlled substance per Health and Safety Code section 11057, subdivision (d)(16), and is a dangerous drug as defined by Code section 4022. Ativan is an anti-anxiety drug primarily used for the treatment of anxiety, tension, and anxiety with depression, insomnia, and acute alcohol withdrawal symptoms.
- 21. "Ritalin," a trade name for methylphenidate hydrochloride, is a mild central nervous system stimulant. It is a dangerous drug as defined in section 4022 and a schedule II controlled substance as defined in Health and Safety Code section 11055.

COST RECOVERY

22. Section 125.3 of the Code provides, in pertinent part, that the Board may request the administrative law judge to direct a licentiate found to have committed a violation or violations of the licensing act to pay a sum not to exceed the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of the case.

FACTUAL BACKGROUND

Respondent was employed as a mental health nurse at Solano County Health and Social Services Mental Health Division (SCMH) from approximately January 27, 2004, until she voluntarily resigned in or about June 30, 2009. Respondent was assigned as the outpatient coordinator for mental health services. Her duties included coordinating outpatient care for psychiatric patients, scheduling patient follow-up appointments for psychiatry, attending treatment meetings to discuss patient release or discharge, and interacting with the discharge nurses to determine continued patient care. During her employment at SCMH, her direct supervisor and other colleagues observed Respondent exhibit erratic behavior and disclose inappropriate personal information. She failed to appear at team meetings and her whereabouts were often unknown. On or about January 14, 2009, while Respondent was on medical leave, her supervisor Michael Pena requested that she come in for a meeting to discuss performance issues. During the meeting, Respondent acted fidgety, confused, and incoherent, and one of her front teeth fell out. Based upon Respondent's behavior during the meeting, the Clinical Supervisor for Outpatient Clinics, Manuel Jimenez, directed Mr. Pena and another clinician to take Respondent to North Bay Occupational Health Clinic for urinalysis testing and Respondent complied. The results of the drug test were sealed pursuant to a subsequent Skelly Hearing. On or about May 28, 2009, Glenda Ligenfelter, Interim Mental Health Director at SCMH, filed an online complaint with the Board alleging that Respondent was terminated from SCMH in or about March 2009, due to testing positive on a drug test. The complaint also alleged that Respondent was attempting to obtain prescriptions illegally by calling local pharmacies and pretending to still be employed by SCMH.

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¹ A "Skelly Hearing" is a hearing which must be provided to an employee prior to the imposition of discipline. Generally, Skelly hearings must be provided in the case of termination, demotion, suspension, reduction in pay and transfer with an accompanying loss in pay. An employee's Skelly rights entitle the employee to due process. Pursuant to State Personnel Board Rule 52.3 an employee must be served with a Notice of Adverse Action at least five (5) days prior to the effective date. The "Skelly" Officer must have the authority to modify (or at a minimum recommend modification) of the adverse action.

- 24. From on or about March 31, 2008, until at least on or about May 21, 2009, Respondent called in several phone orders for prescriptions for her husband Robert Winslow on behalf of a Dr. Pradeep Kumar. These orders were placed with two different to Rite Aid pharmacies, one in Suisun City, California, and the other in Benicia, California. Dr. Kumar never treated Robert Winslow. Dr. Kumar never authorized Respondent to write a prescription for or call in a verbal order for any medications for Robert Winslow. The circumstances are as follows:
- a. On or about March 31, 2008, Respondent placed an order for and later obtained 60 Clonazepam 1 milligram tablets from the Rite Aid Pharmacy in Benicia, California, by misrepresenting that the prescription was for Robert Winslow and was prescribed by Dr. Kumar.
- b. On or about May 7, 2008, Respondent placed an order for and later obtained 60 Clonazepam 1 milligram tablets from the Rite Aid Pharmacy in Benicia, California, by misrepresenting that the prescription was for Robert Winslow and was prescribed by Dr. Kumar.
- c. On or about June 28, 2008, Respondent placed an order for and later obtained 60 Clonazepam 1 milligram tablets from the Rite Aid Pharmacy in Benicia, California, by misrepresenting that the prescription was for Robert Winslow and was prescribed by Dr. Kumar.
- d. On or about July 16, 2008, Respondent placed an order for and later obtained 60 Clonazepam 1 milligram tablets from the Rite Aid Pharmacy in Benicia, California, by misrepresenting that the prescription was for Robert Winslow and was prescribed by Dr. Kumar.
- e. On or about February 9, 2009, Respondent placed an order for and later obtained 60 Clonazepam 1 milligram tablets from the Rite Aid Pharmacy in Suisun City, California, by misrepresenting that the prescription was for Robert Winslow and was prescribed by Dr. Kumar.
- f. On or about April 10, 2009, Respondent placed an order for and later obtained 30 Clonazepam 2 milligram tablets, 30 Vicodin tablets from the Rite Aid Pharmacy in Suisun City, California by misrepresenting that the prescription was for Robert Winslow and was prescribed by Dr. Kumar.

- g. On or about April 20, 2009, Respondent placed an order for and later obtained 30 Hydrocodone, APAP 5/500 tablets from the Rite Aid Pharmacy in Suisun City, California, by misrepresenting that the prescription was for Robert Winslow and was prescribed by Dr. Kumar.
- h. On or about May 11, 2009, Respondent placed an order for and later obtained 90 Carisporodol (Soma) 350 milligram tablets from the Rite Aid Pharmacy in Suisun City, California by misrepresenting that the prescription was for Robert Winslow and was prescribed by Dr. Kumar.
- i. On or about May 15, 2009, Respondent placed an order for and later obtained 30 Hydrocodone APAP 5/500 tablets from the Rite Aid Pharmacy in Suisun City, California, by misrepresenting that the prescription was for Robert Winslow and was prescribed by Dr. Kumar.
- j. On or about May 21, 2009, Respondent placed an order for and attempted to obtain Klonopin, Vicodin, and Soma from the Rite Aid Pharmacy in Suisun City, California, by misrepresenting that the prescription was for Robert Winslow and was prescribed by Dr. Kumar. Respondent claimed that she was Robert Winslow's nurse and that she worked for a Mobile Unit in Solano County.

FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct – Obtaining or Possessing Controlled Substances) (Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 2761, subd. (a), 2762, subd. (a), 4060)

- 25. Respondent's registered nurse license is subject to disciplinary action under Code section 2761, subdivision (a), as defined by Code section 2762, subdivision (a), in that she unlawfully obtained controlled substances in violation of Code section 4060 as described in paragraphs 23 and 24, above. The circumstances are as follows:
- a. Respondent unlawfully obtained and possessed the following controlled substances in violation of Code section 4060: Klonopin and Vicodin.
- b. Respondent unlawfully obtained the following controlled substances by fraud, deceit, misrepresentation, subterfuge and/or by the concealment of a material fact, in violation of Health and Safety Code section 11173, subdivision (a): Klonopin and Vicodin.

- c. Respondent unlawfully obtained and possessed the following dangerous drugs by making a false statement in a prescription, order, report, or record, in violation of Health and Safety Code section 11173, subdivision (b): Klonopin, Vicodin, and Soma.
- d. Respondent unlawfully obtained the following narcotic drugs without the written prescription of a physician, in violation of Health and Safety Code section 11350, subdivision (a)(2): Vicodin.
- e. Respondent unlawfully obtained the following narcotic drugs by forged, fictitious, or altered prescriptions, in violation of Health and Safety Code section 11368: Vicodin.

SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct)
(Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 2761, subd. (a))

26. Respondent has subjected her registered nurse license to discipline under Code section 2761, subdivision (a), in that she engaged in unprofessional conduct. The circumstances are set forth in paragraphs 23 and 24 above.

THIRD CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct – Use of Controlled Substances in a Dangerous Manner)
(Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 2761, subd. (a), 2762, subd. (b), 4060)

- 27. Respondent has subjected her registered nurse license to disciplinary action under Code section 2761, subdivision (a), as defined by Code section 2762, subdivision (b), in that she engaged in unprofessional conduct by using controlled substances in a dangerous manner. The circumstances are set forth in paragraphs 23 and 24 above. Additional circumstances are set forth as follows:
- 28. On or about May 25, 2009, Respondent was involved in multiple traffic collisions on eastbound Interstate 80. On or about May 25, 2009, at approximately 8:05 p.m., an officer from the California Highway Patrol (CHP), Officer 1, received a report of a hit-and-run on Interstate 80 eastbound, west of State Route 12. Officer 1 responded to the scene of the collision at approximately 8:15 p.m. The victim of the hit and run, Driver 1, whose vehicle had been hit by Respondent, was at the scene and described Respondent and her vehicle, a silver Hyundai Sonata, to the officer. Driver 1 explained that he was travelling in the #1 lane of Interstate 80 at

approximately 65 to 70 miles-per-hour, directly in front of Respondent, when he felt a sudden impact to the rear of his vehicle. After the collision, both Driver 1 and Respondent drove onto the center divide and exited their vehicles. Driver 1 told Respondent that he was going to call CHP to make a report. Respondent returned to her vehicle and fled the scene. A witness at the scene, Witness 1, was the right front passenger in another car driving eastbound on Interstate 80 at the time of the collision. Witness 1 observed Respondent driving erratically and saw the front of Respondent's vehicle collide with Driver 1's vehicle.

On or about May 25, 2009, at approximately 8:11 p.m., another CHP Officer, Officer 2, received a report of a traffic collision on Interstate 80 eastbound at Interstate 505. When Officer 2 arrived at the scene of the collision at approximately 8:20 p.m., Respondent was kneeling behind the vehicle that she had hit, attempting to rub off the damage from the collision. As Respondent attempted to stand up, it was apparent that her sense of balance was impaired because she wobbled and nearly fell on several occasions as she attempted to walk. Respondent had to lean against the patrol car to maintain her balance. Officer 2 noticed that Respondent's speech was slurred. He also observed collision damage to Respondent's vehicle, a silver Hyundai Sonata. The victim of the second collision, Driver 2, was also present at the scene. Respondent told Officer 2 that while she was driving she dropped her directions and reached down to pick them up, causing her to run into the rear of Driver 2's vehicle. Driver 2 stated that she was driving her car in the #4 lane at approximately 55 to 60 miles-per-hour when she was hit from behind by Respondent. A witness at the scene, Witness 2, stated that he was following Driver 2 from North Texas. He was on the phone with CHP dispatch when the collision occurred because prior to the collision, he observed that Respondent was unable to stay in one lane and she swerved several times from the #1 lane into the center divide. Prior to the collision, Witness 2 also saw Respondent move from the #1 lane to the #2 lane, then into the #4 lane, accelerate to 75 milesper-hour, brake hard, and run into the rear of Driver 2's vehicle. Driver 1, the driver involved in the first collision, responded to the scene of the second collision and positively identified Respondent as the driver in the first collision.

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While at the scene of the second collision, Officer 2 had Respondent perform a series of field sobriety tests (FSTs), which she performed poorly. Due to the collision, her signs of impairment, and her poor performance on the FSTs, Officer 2 placed Respondent under arrest for violation of Vehicle Code section 23152, subdivision (a) (driving under the influence), pursuant to Vehicle Code section 40300.5, at approximately 8:55 p.m. Officer 2 transported Respondent to the Solano Area CHP office for drug recognition evaluation. Another officer at the station, Officer 3, performed the drug recognition evaluation. Based upon his evaluation, Officer 3 determined that Respondent was under the influence of central nervous system depressants and narcotic analgesics. Respondent provided a urine sample at approximately 10:10 p.m. After waiving her Miranda rights, Respondent told Officer 3 that she suffers from severe depression and that she takes a battery of medication every day, including Vicodin, Zimbatam, Clonopin, and Ritalin. With regard to the first collision, Respondent stated that she was driving behind Driver 1 when Driver 1 braked suddenly and she was unable to stop her vehicle from colliding into Driver 1's vehicle. When Officer 3 asked Respondent whether she felt that she could safely drive at the time of her arrest, she stated that she did not think that she should have been driving, but that she had to see her daughter because she had not seen her in awhile. Respondent submitted to a urinalysis test, which showed positive results for the following drugs: Opiates, Benzodiazepines, Hydrocodone, Hydromorphone, Dihydrocodeine, and 7-Amino Clonazepam.

FOURTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct - Conviction)

(Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 490, 2761, subd. (f), 2762 subd. (c); Cal. Code Regs, tit. 16, § 1444)

- 31. Complainant realleges the allegations contained in paragraphs 28 through 31 above, and incorporates them by reference as if fully set forth.
- 32. Respondent has subjected her registered nurse license to disciplinary action under Code sections 490, 2761, subdivision (f), and 2762, subdivision (c), as defined by California Code of Regulations Title 16, section 1444, in that she was convicted of a crime involving the consumption of drugs, which is substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a registered nurse. Specifically, on or about January 27, 2010, in a criminal matter entitled The

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People of the State of California v. Kerstin Kohn, a.k.a. Kerstin Biagini, in the Superior Court of Solano County, Case Number FCR268166, which was consolidated with a previously filed case, Case Number FCR266812, Respondent was convicted by plea of no contest to one count of violating Vehicle Code section 23152, subdivision (a) (driving under the influence), a misdemeanor. Respondent was sentenced to three years of probation and ordered to serve two days in jail. Respondent was also ordered to: (1) pay various fees and fines; (2) report all arrests, citations, or violations of law to the court within 48 hours; (3) submit to a search and seizure at the request of a law enforcement officer; (4) drive only with a valid license and at least minimum liability insurance; (5) not drive with any measureable amount of alcohol in her system; (6) submit to alcohol testing upon request by a peace officer or program representative; and (7) enroll in and complete the 90 day First Offender DUI Program.

<u>PRAYER</u>

WHEREFORE, Complainant requests that a hearing be held on the matters alleged in this Accusation, and that following the hearing, the Board of Registered Nursing issue a decision:

- 1. Revoking or suspending Registered Nurse License Number 461959, issued to Kerstin Kohn, also known as Kerstin Negoesco, also known as Kerstin Biagini;
- 2. Ordering Kerstin Kohn, also known as Kerstin Negoesco, also known as Kerstin Biagini to pay the Board of Registered Nursing the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of this case, pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 125.3;

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. 1	3. Taking such other and further action as deemed necessary and proper.		
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4	DATED: 3/24/11 Louise L. Souley		
5	LOUISE R. BAILEY, M.ED., RN		
6	Executive Officer Board of Registered Nursing		
7	Department of Consumer Affairs State of California		
8	Complainant.		
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